

WHITE MOUNTAIN NATIONAL FOREST

1940

The hurricane of 1938 left an abnormal fire hazard on much of the National Forest. During the past year large crews have been working to reduce this hazard along trails and at campsites, to build fire lines, and otherwise protect the area from the spread of forest fires should they occur. The job is not as yet completed and some of the more inaccessible areas are not susceptible to hazard reduction work because of economic factors. Consequently it will be necessary to close certain sections of the Forest during the next few years in order to provide them with proper protection.

This map shows in red the minimum area of the National Forest that will be closed. If unusual conditions develop that are favorable to the occurrence and spread of forest fires it may be necessary to close additional areas. When heavy rains or snow renders the Forest safe from fires in the fall or winter, the entire area including that shown in red will be opened for use.

The closed areas are accurately shown on this map and are adequately posted on the ground. The uncolored strips between the red areas are roads and trails open to travelers and streams open for fishing. These streams are outlined on the map in greater width than their actual proportions on the ground for purposes of legibility. The boundaries of these strips are signed on the ground and the areas behind these posters are closed. Travel is limited to the actual boundaries of the road, trail or fishing stream. Violations of closure regulations will be prosecuted in State and Federal Courts.

SPECIAL PERMITS

Campfire permits are required to build fires on White Mountain National Forest at all points except the roadside forest camps designated on this map. These permits are issued free of charge by the District Rangers located in Plymouth, Littleton, Gorham, and Conway, New Hampshire, and should be obtained in advance of a planned trip. Inasmuch as these permits are issued only for definite places and are not being issued for extended periods, applications to the Ranger for campfire permits should indicate the place it is desired to build a fire and the approximate inclusive dates the permit is to be used.

BE CAREFUL WITH FIRE

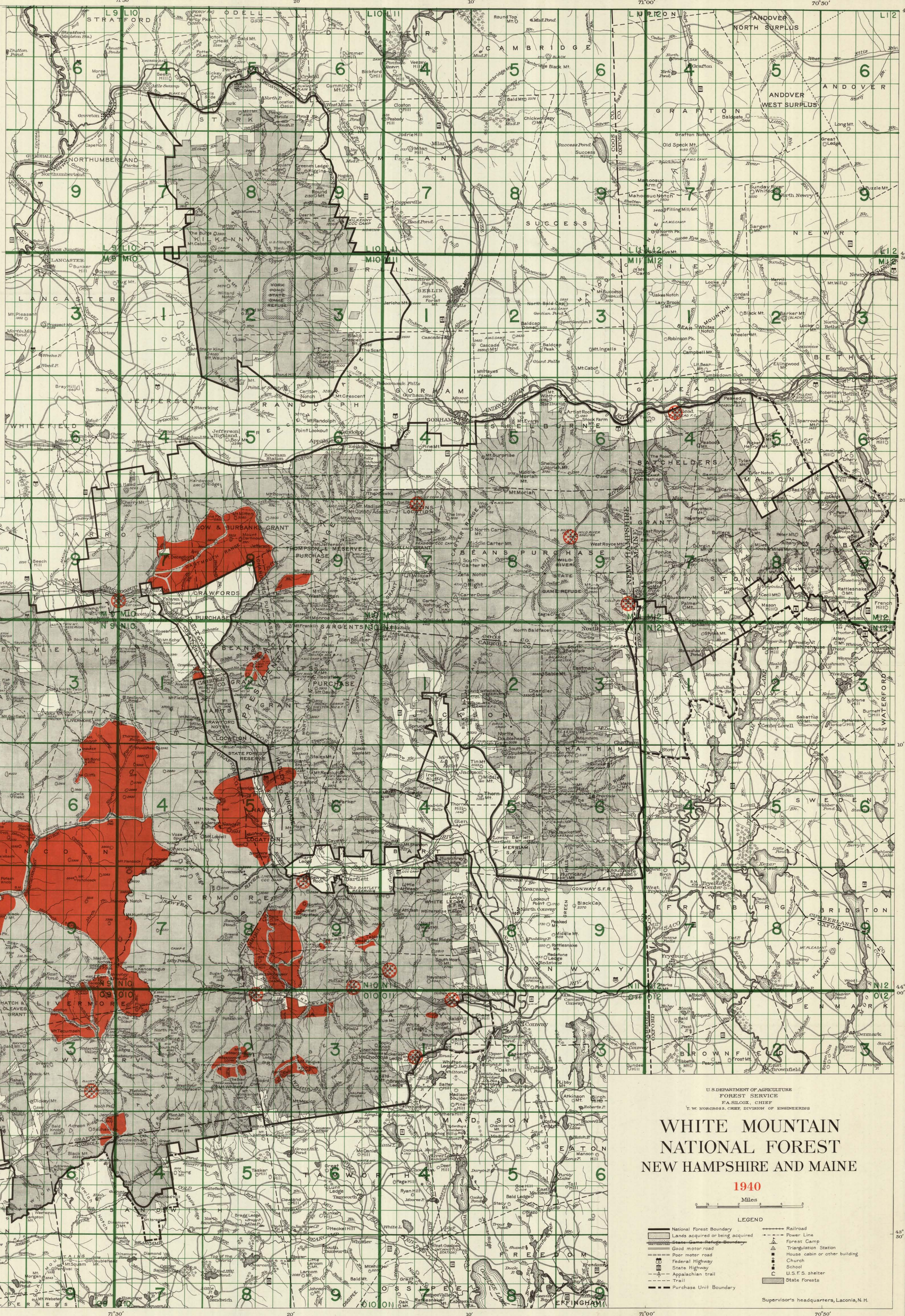
This circle indicates roadside forest camps where campfires can be built without formal permit. Campfire permits are required at all other points on the Forest.

National Forest areas indicated by solid red are closed to all forms of use.

Additional information regarding the use of White Mountain National Forest can be obtained from the District Rangers at Plymouth, Gorham, Littleton, and Conway, New Hampshire, or the Forest Supervisor at Laconia, New Hampshire.

This map supersedes the one dated April 1, 1939.

C. L. Gealean
Forest Supervisor.



WHITE MOUNTAIN NATIONAL FOREST NEW HAMPSHIRE AND MAINE

1940

Miles

LEGEND

- National Forest Boundary
- Lands acquired or being acquired
- Power Line
- Forest Camp
- Triangulation Station
- House cabin or other building
- Church
- School
- U.S.F.S. shelter
- Trail
- Purchase Unit Boundary
- Railroad
- Poor motor road
- Federal Highway
- State Highway
- Appalachian trail
- State Forests

Supervisor's headquarters, Laconia, N.H.